

5.22 Tie Breaking Procedure

OMAHA POLICY "APPENDIX I" - REVISION - 2018

Determination of Standings

Tie Breaking Procedure In the event that teams are tied for a playoff position after a round robin series is completed the following procedure shall be utilized to determine the placing of the tied teams:

- i. If two (2) teams are tied, the winner of the round robin game between those two (2) teams will receive the higher placing. If three (3) or more teams are tied, the team which has accumulated the most points in games against the tied teams will receive the highest placing, the team with the next most points in games against the tied teams will receive the next highest placing, and so on. **(NOTE: For clarification purposes, should 3 teams be tied and 1 team does not play against one of the other teams, proceed to item ii.)**
- ii. If any teams remain tied after (i) has been applied, then the team with the most wins in the round robin series (note that this includes all games in the round robin series and is not limited to games between the tied teams only) will receive the higher placing, and so on. June 2017 65 BC Hockey Policy Manual
- iii. If any teams remain tied after (i) and (ii) have been applied, then the team with the best goal average in games between the tied teams will receive the higher placing, and so on. The goal average of the teams is to be determined by dividing the total number of goals for and against into the total number of goals for, with the team having the highest percentage will be awarded the higher position.
- iv. If any teams remain tied after (i), (ii) and (iii) have been applied, then the team with the best goal average in the round robin series (note that this includes all games in the round robin series and is not limited to games between the tied teams only) will receive the higher placing, and so on. The goal average of a team is to be determined by dividing the total number of goals for and against into the total number of goals for, with the team having the highest percentage will be awarded the higher position. (Example: Goals for 10, goals against 4; percentage is $10/14 = .714$). In determining the goal average, the maximum goal differential that may be applied in any single game shall be seven (7).
- v. If any teams remain tied after (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) the team that received the least minutes in penalties in the round robin games between the tied teams will receive the higher placing, and so on.
- vi. If teams are still tied after all previous methods have been applied, then the winner of the playoff position will be decided by the toss of a coin.