

# Team Size

- Six players a side (possibly five or seven).
- If there are five players, the coach acts as the catcher.

## Batting

- The ball is not pitched, it is hit from a tee.
- A hitter may have as many swings as they require to hit the ball into fair territory.
- A player is out when:
  - A ball is caught in the air.
  - A player in possession of the ball stands on the base before the runner arrives.
  - A runner between bases is tagged by a fielder with a glove or hand which is holding the ball.
- An inning is completed when every player on the batting team has completed a turn at bat.
- Each inning the leadoff hitter becomes the sixth hitter in the next inning and subsequent hitters will move up one spot in the lineup so that every hitter has a chance to lead off an inning.

### Fielding

- All fielders rotate fielding positions each inning in the following manner:
  - Pitcher becomes catcher.
  - Catcher becomes first base.
  - $-1^{st}$  base becomes  $2^{nd}$  base.
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> base becomes 3<sup>rd</sup> base.
  - 3<sup>rd</sup> base becomes shortstop.
  - Shortstop becomes pitcher.

### Base Running

- So that fielders are encouraged to throw, runners may advance no further than the base they were heading to when the throw was first made.
- Once a runner turns back toward a previous base they are entitled to that base only.

## Umpiring

- Games will be umpired by the coaches.
- Disputes will be settled by rock, paper, scissors.
- Coaches will be on the field to start but it is preferred that coaches work toward the player playing on their own by the end of the season.
- Before "play ball" is called, allowing the ball to be hit:
  - The pitcher must be on the pitching plate; and
  - The catcher must be behind home plate; and
  - No fielders may be inside the base paths; and
  - The runner must be in contact with the base pad.

#### Play may be altered to allow of children with a disability.