

INJURY REPORTING

PURPOSE

The SGHA believes strongly that the safety and health of minor hockey players is of paramount importance. This injury reporting procedures policy has been created to encourage greater overall awareness and responsibility regarding the importance of safety of all players and clarify the processes that must be followed by all team staff, players and parents regarding reporting of injuries and return to play.

The SGHA Injury Reporting Procedures Policy is in accordance with the processes set out in the Hockey Trainers Certification Program and OWHA policies.

DOCUMENTATION OF AN INJURY

All team officials, players and parents/guardians are encouraged to actively work to prevent injuries from occurring. This includes:

- Support fair play and respect as key elements of hockey
- Reduce head contact and hitting from behind through education and rule enforcement
- Reduce violence and fighting in hockey through education and rule enforcement
- Educate, model and enforce SGHA's code of conduct
- Ensure player equipment is properly fitted and in good condition

Each player on the team must have a completed medical information sheet. It is the responsibility of the Trainer to have these forms accessible at every team function, including but not limited to games, practices and tournaments.

Any injury occurring during a SGHA sanctioned practice, game or activity must be documented in the Hockey Canada Injury Log. For serious injuries, a Hockey Canada Injury Report must be completed.

HOCKEY CANADA INJURY LOG / INJURY REPORT

The Trainer will ensure that all information related to their players that require medical attention from the Trainer, are recorded in the Hockey Canada Injury Log, even if it is of a minor incident such as a cut on a finger.

The Hockey Canada Injury Log is available here https://cdn.agilitycms.com/hockey-canada/Hockey-Programs/Safety/Safety-Program/Downloads/injury log e.pdf

In any case where there is a serious injury during a sanctioned practice, game or off ice activity, the Hockey Canada Injury Report form must be filled out by the team Trainer. If possible, this should be done before the player leaves the arena.

One side of the Hockey Canada Injury Report is for the Trainer reporting the incident and the parent/guardian, and the back side is for the player's physician's statement.

The Trainer will ensure that any fully completed Hockey Canada Injury Report is submitted to the OWHA within 90 days of the injury. A copy of this submission is to be given to the



parents/caregivers. The Hockey Canada Injury Report is available here https://cdn.hockeycanada.ca/hockey-canada/Hockey-

Programs/Safety/Insurance/Downloads/2020/2020_injury_report_hockeycanada_omha_e.pdf

The Trainer and parents/guardians should keep a copy of all documentation submitted to the OWHA.

No player is to be allowed to continue their practice or play if the Trainer does not feel that the player is safe to do so. In cases when the Trainer's decision is in conflict with other bench staff or the parent/guardian, the Trainer will notify Risk.and.Safety@sgha.ca as soon as possible who will determine the resolution of the matter.

CONCUSSIONS

If the Trainer suspects a concussion, the Trainer shall not allow the player to participate until AFTER the player has received a professional medical evaluation.

If a possible concussion is suspected, and a player is seen to or comes off the ice indicating she has banged her head off the ice/boards/glass, participation in the hockey activity is immediately stopped and the Trainer is to perform the concussion recognition tests as recommended by Hockey Canada. If there is any doubt as to whether a concussion has occurred, it is to be assumed that it has.

As soon as possible, the Trainer must inform the parents/caregivers of the injury and recommend that they take the player to a doctor to verify that the player is not suffering from a serious injury or concussion.

When an injury has occurred, the trainer must inform the parents/caregivers of the injury as soon as possible and if applicable, that it is recommended that they take the player to receive a professional medical evaluation. This is applicable outside the SGHA boundaries as well, i.e. away tournaments.

The Trainer must also make the Head Coach aware of the injury and any recommendations made to the player/parents/caregivers.

RETURN TO PLAY

The Trainer will ensure that any injured player wishing to return to play after sustaining one of the following injuries during a SGHA event submits a Return to Play form:

- 1. Any head, neck or spinal injury
- 2. Any injury where the player received medical attention/treatment
- 3. any fracture or dislocation

When a player sustains a head, neck or spinal injury during a non SGHA sanctioned event, and the injury causes the noted player to miss any scheduled SGHA practice or game, the trainer will ensure that a Return to Play form is submitted.

The Trainer will ensure that any submitted Return to Play form is signed by a qualified medical practitioner. This form does not need to be completed by the physician who diagnosed the original injury but the physician completing the form must be aware of the nature and circumstances of the injury.



Any team official, parent/guardian or player who knowingly disregards their responsibility of requiring a medical doctor's written permission for permitting a player to return to play may be subject to disciplinary action.

RETURN TO PLAY FROM CONCUSSION

When a player is diagnosed by a medical doctor as having a concussion, the individual must stop participation in all hockey activities immediately. The participant is not permitted to return to any hockey activity until written permission is given by a medical doctor. Returning to normal activities after a concussion is a stepwise process that requires patience, attention and caution. The return to play process is gradual and begins after a doctor has given the player clearance to return to activity. If any symptoms/signs return during this process, the player must be reevaluated by a physician. No return to play if any symptoms or signs persist.

The SGHA follows the six-step return to play process, which can be found here.

https://cdn.agilitycms.com/hockey-canada/Hockey-

Programs/Safety/Concussion/Downloads/concussion_card_e.pdf