CONCUSSION MANAGEMENT

Return to Activity Guidelines for Children & Youth

A concussion is a brain injury and must be taken seriously!









Return to Activity Guidelines

These guidelines should be followed in discussion with a physician or brain injury clinician.

STEP 1: No Activity and Complete Rest

- NO physical activity if symptomatic
- Which symptom group are you in: BLUE, PURPLE, or GREEN? ->

*Get clearance from a physician or brain injury clinician before beginning STEP 2

STEP 2: Light Exercise

- NO resistance training or weight lifting
- 10-15 minutes light exercise, maximum twice a day e.g., walking, stationary cycling, light jogging, freestyle swimming

STEP 3: Individual Sport-Specific Activity

- NO body/head contact, spins, dives, jumps, high speed stops, hitting a baseball with a bat, or other jarring motions
- 20-30 minutes general conditioning, maximum twice a day. e.g., skating, running, throwing

STEP 4: Sport-Specific Practice with Team, NO CONTACT

- NO checking, heading the ball, tackling, live scrimmages
- Begin activities with one other teammate and then by the end of this step progress to full team practice, with NO contact.
 - e.g., ball drills, shooting/passing drills, or other non-contact activities
- Begin resistance training and 'beginner level' sport-specific skills. Increase skill level
 over time.

*Get clearance from a physician or brain injury clinician before beginning STEPS 5 and 6

STEP 5: Sport-Specific Practice with Team and CONTACT

• Participate in normal training activities. If symptom free, you are ready to return to competition!

STEP 6: Return to Activity, Sport or Game Play

Which group are you in?

Choose your symptom group and follow the instructions below.





If symptoms return, rest for at least 24 hours and then go back to the previous step

Overriding Recommendations for Return to Contact Sport

- If positive neuroimaging findings \rightarrow Take at least 3 months off from contact sport
- If 2 concussions in 3 months \rightarrow Take 6 months off from the time of the most recent injury
- If 3 or more concussions in 1 year \rightarrow Take 1 year off from the time of the most recent injury
- Discuss retirement from sport after 3 or more concussions, especially if symptoms are prolonged and affecting performance

But continue to exercise!

Also see the McMaster Return to School Guidelines

Concussion Facts

The **biggest risk** is going back to play before the brain heals and getting another concussion!

Higher risk of prolonged recovery with:

- · Multiple concussions
- · History of learning or behaviour problems
- · History of migraines
- · Symptoms of amnesia, fogginess or dizziness



WHEN IN DOUBT SIT THEM OUT Percentage of children who are symptom free in:



WHEN THEY'RE OKAY RETURN TO PLAY





For more information, please visit www.canchild.ca



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CONCUSSION

A concussion, also known as a mild traumatic brain injury (MTBI), changes the way the brain functions. An MTBI can be caused by a direct or indirect hit, blow or force to the head or body.

SYMPTOMS OF CONCUSSION

- Sleep disturbances or drowsiness
- · Headache
- · Nausea and vomiting
- · Poor balance or coordination
- Dizziness
- Visual problems
- · Sensitivity to light or noise
- Mentally foggy
- · Difficulty concentrating/ remembering
- Irritability
- Sadness
- Nervousness

Symptoms should be evaluated daily to show healing and recovery

RED FLAG SYMPTOMS

If any of the following symptoms develop, go to the emergency department/seek further investigation immediately:

- Increased drowsiness or cannot be awakened
- · Headaches worsen or neck pain
- · Persistent vomiting
- · Pupils are unequal in size
- Seizures
- Confusion or short-term memory loss
- Blurred/double vision, slurred speech or loss of motor function
- Change in behaviour (irritability, agitation or aggression)