ONTARIO RINGETTE ASSOCIATION Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Ontario Ringette Association

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Ontario Ringette Association (the Association), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2023, and the statements of changes in net assets, revenues and expenditures and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Association as at June 30, 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Association's financial reporting process.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Association's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Association's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Association to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

London, Ontario October 19, 2023 PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS Authorized to practise public accounting by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Ontario

mac neill Edmundson

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ONTARIO RINGETTE ASSOCIATION Statement of Financial Position June 30, 2023

		2023	2022
ASSETS			
CURRENT Cash Accounts receivable Inventory	\$	388,335 30,340 1,571	\$ 559,322 20,213 11,695
		420,246	591,230
CAPITAL ASSETS (Note 2)		5,020	2,915
	\$	425,266	\$ 594,145
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS CURRENT			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Government remittances payable Deferred revenue (Note 4)	\$	43,844 7,757 500	\$ 49,743 5,782 60,600
		52,101	116,125
CANADA EMERGENCY BUSINESS ACCOUNT LOAN (Note 3)		-	30,000
		52,101	146,125
NET ASSETS Unrestricted members' fund Restricted funds (Note 7)		49,425 323,740	134,280 313,740
		373,165	448,020
	\$	425,266	\$ 594,145

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

MACNEILL EDMUNDSON PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

ONTARIO RINGETTE ASSOCIATION Statement of Changes in Net Assets Year Ended June 30, 2023

	_	nrestricted R	Restricted ds (Note 8)	2023	2022
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR DEFICIENCY OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES INTERNALLY RESTRICTED	\$	134,280 \$ (74,855)	313,740 \$	448,020 \$ (74,855)	469,229 (21,209)
DISBURSEMENTS	-	(10,000)	10,000	-	
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	49,425 \$	323,740 \$	373,165 \$	448,020

ONTARIO RINGETTE ASSOCIATION Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2023	2022
REVENUE		
Member registration fees and dues	\$ 650,382	\$ 585,882
Event fees	568,885	540,940
Government grants (Note 5)	190,741	572,807
Sponsorship income	84,795	76,397
Interest and other revenue	10,659	5,630
Net marketing and resource sales revenue	9,915	7,779
Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy	· -	17,062
Canada Emergency Rent Subsidies		2,805
	1,515,377	1,809,302
EXPENSES		
Competitive events	616,951	605,223
Salaries and benefits	322,389	301,209
Ringette Canada fees	233,345	235,531
General office expense	81,719	67,474
Professional fees	77,759	65,753
Training and development	60,604	57,228
Member insurance	59,474	28,527
Grants	56,450	361,766
Strategic plan	28,490	45,518
Marketing and website	22,167	18,818
Travel accommodation and meetings	17,267	25,801
Interest, bank charges and bad debts	3,867	3,985
Amortization	3,274	3,620
Printing and postage	2,861	3,402
Annual conference	1,865	4,072
Telephone	1,750	2,584
	1,590,232	1,830,511
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	\$ (74,855)	\$ (21,209)

ONTARIO RINGETTE ASSOCIATION Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2023	2022
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Deficiency of revenue over expenses Item not affecting cash:	\$ (74,855)	\$ (21,209)
Amortization of capital assets	3,274	3,620
	(71,581)	(17,589)
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
Accounts receivable	(10,127)	(4,553)
Inventory	10,124	6,067
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(5,899)	11,540
Deferred revenue	(60,100)	50,310
Prepaid expenses	-	5,467
Government remittances payable	1,975	(4,342)
	(64,027)	64,489
Cash flow from (used by) operating activities	(135,608)	46,900
INVESTING ACTIVITY Purchase of capital assets	(5,379)	
FINANCING ACTIVITY Repayment of long term debt	(30,000)	
Cash flow used by financing activity	(30,000)	
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH FLOW	(170,987)	46,900
Cash - beginning of year	559,322	512,422
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$ 388,335	\$ 559,322

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

PURPOSE OF THE ASSOCIATION

Ontario Ringette Association ("the association") was incorporated, without share capital, under the laws of the Province of Ontario on May 20, 1980. Under letters patent filed on the same date, the association was established as a not-for-profit organization with the authority to govern and promote the sport of Ringette in the province of Ontario. As a not-for-profit organization, the association is exempt from the payment of income tax under Section 149(1) of the Income Tax Act.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNFPO).

Revenue recognition

Event fees for clinics, camps and other programs are recognized in the period during which the event or programs are undertaken. Where championship events for the season ending in the fiscal year straddle the year end, the full cost of the event is recorded in the fiscal year of the competitive season.

Other association revenues are recognized when receivable.

<u>Inventory</u>

Inventories of resources, supplies and marketing items are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value with the cost being determined using the average cost method.

Capital assets

Capital assets are stated at cost or deemed cost less accumulated amortization. Capital assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis at the following rates and methods:

Computer equipment 33 1/3% straight-line method Furniture and fixtures 20% straight-line method

One half of the normal annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition.

Fund accounting

The net assets of the association are segregated into unrestricted members' fund and restricted funds which have been set aside for specified purpose or activities.

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Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Contributed services

Volunteers contribute a considerable number of hours per year to assist the association in carrying out its service delivery activities. Because of the difficulty of determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in these financial statements.

Cash and cash equivalents

The association's policy is to present bank balances and petty cash under cash and cash equivalents. Guaranteed investment certificates are not included in cash and cash equivalents.

Financial instruments measurement

The association initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. It subsequently measures all its financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost.

The financial assets subsequently measured at amortized cost include cash and accounts receivable. The financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable, accrued liabilities and government remittances payable.

Team Ontario revenues and expenses

Revenues and expenses related to the participation of Team Ontario at events such as the Canada Winter Games are reflected in the financial statements of the association only to the extent that they have been received by or payable by the association and as such do not include independent fund raising by the team, nor expenses paid directly by the team.

Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Such estimates are periodically reviewed and any adjustments necessary are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

2. CAPITAL ASSETS

	 Cost	 ımulated ırtization	N	2023 et book value	2022 et book value
Computer equipment Furniture and fixtures	\$ 23,135 6,442	\$ 18,207 6,350	\$	4,928 92	\$ 2,226 689
	\$ 29,577	\$ 24,557	\$	5,020	\$ 2,915

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

3. CANADA EMERGENCY BUSINESS ACCOUNT LOAN

In a prior year, the association received \$40,000 from the Government of Canada for the Canada Emergency Business Account loan. The loan was repaid in the current year. The \$10,000 forgivable portion of the loan has been recognized as income in a prior year.

4. DEFERRED REVENUE

The association received \$500 of annual membership fees for the 2024 fiscal year. The balance will be recognized as revenue in the subsequent year.

5. GOVERNMENT GRANTS

	2023			2022	
Ontario Amateur Sport Fund Grant Ontario Quest for Gold Ontario Funding to Member Community Sport Clubs Provincial COVID-19 Emergency Support Funds for	\$	136,148 54,593 -	\$	136,148 54,593 362,795	
Provincial Sport and Multi-Sport Organizations		-		19,271	
	\$	190,741	\$	572,807	

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The association is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework in place to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. The following analysis provides information about the association's risk exposure and concentration. There have been no significant change to the nature or concentration of these risks from the prior year, unless otherwise noted.

Credit risk

The association is exposed to credit risk in that it provides credit to member associations and regions in the normal course of its operations. The credit risk is mitigated by the fact that the majority of its accounts receivable are due from members of the association. The association regularly monitors accounts receivable, has the ability to suspend members for non payments and virtually never has had any bad debts.

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Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2023

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting cash requirements or fund obligations as they become due. The association manages its liquidity risk by regularly monitoring forecasted and actual cash flows, by holding assets that can readily be converted to cash and by maintaining the operating stabilization fund.

7. RESTRICTED FUNDS

		2023	 2022
Operating Stabilization Fund Net assets, beginning of year Transfer from (to) members' (operating) fund	\$	281,240 -	\$ 281,240
Net assets, end of year	<u>\$</u>	281,240	\$ 281,240

The operating stabilization fund is an internally restricted fund established under a reserve funding strategy approved in November, 2010. The purpose of the fund is to provide cash resources to maintain and to carry out the operations of the association in the event of decreases in revenues or reductions in government funding. The fund may be drawn by the Executive Director to meet the financial responsibilities of the approved operating budget in advance of the receipt of membership dues or if membership revenues are lower than expected.

Canada Winter Games Fund

Net assets, beginning of year Transfer from (to) members' (operating) fund	\$ 32,500 10,000	\$ 22,500 10,000
Net assets, end of year	\$ 42,500	\$ 32,500

The Canada Winter Games fund is internally restricted fund established in 2008. The fund balance is to be maintained separated from operating funds and accumulated to make a pool of funds available for Canada Winter Games travel costs with are incurred every four years. Effective November 2010, a reserve funding policy is in place which requires a transfer of \$10,000 per year from current operations be made to the Canada Winter Games Fund in non Canada Winter Games years.