SASKATOON ADULT SOCCER INC. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

# MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The financial statements of Saskatoon Adult Soccer Inc. have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. When alternative accounting methods exist, management has chosen those it deems most appropriate in the circumstances. These statements include certain amounts based on management's estimates and judgments. Management has determined such amounts based on a reasonable basis in order to ensure that the financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

The integrity and reliability of Saskatoon Adult Soccer Inc.'s reporting systems are achieved through the use of formal policies and procedures, the careful selection of employees and an appropriate division of responsibilities. These systems are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial information is reliable and accurate.

The Board of Directors is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibility for financial reporting and is ultimately responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements. The Board carries out this responsibility principally through its Finance Committee. The Finance Committee is appointed by the Board and meets periodically with management and the directors' auditors to review significant accounting, reporting and internal control matters. Following its review of the financial statements and discussions with the auditors, the Audit Committee reports to the Board of Directors prior to its approval of the financial statements. The Committee also considers, for review by the Board and approval by the directors, the engagement or re-appointment of the external auditors.

The financial statements have been audited on behalf of the directors by Virtus Group Chartered Professional Accountants & Business Advisors LLP, in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards.

Danielle Bryk, Executive Director

Saskatoon, SK December 13, 2023



## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Members of Saskatoon Adult Soccer Inc.

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Saskatoon Adult Soccer Inc. (the Organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at September 30, 2023, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at September 30, 2023, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations..

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Other Matter

The financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2022 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements on December 9, 2022.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

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#### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Saskatoon Adult Soccer Inc. (continued)

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

December 13, 2023 Saskatoon, Saskatchewan

Virtua Group LLP

**Chartered Professional Accountants** 



# SASKATOON ADULT SOCCER INC. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

			2023		2022
	ASSETS				
Current		<b>.</b>			
Cash		\$	783,988	\$	665,604
Guaranteed investment certificate ( <i>Note 3</i> ) Accounts receivable ( <i>Note 4</i> )			516,395 38,491		500,000 16,752
Goods and services tax receivable			3,155		3,192
Prepaid expenses and advances to teams			3,646		10,727
			1,345,675		1,196,275
Long-term investments (Note 5)			72,032		68,257
Tangible capital assets (Note 6)			48,814		59,877
		\$	1,466,521	\$	1,324,409
	LIABILITIES				
Current		<b>^</b>	10.0=5	<b>•</b>	11.007
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred income		\$	18,375 400,635	\$	11,986 296,165
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 8)			400,033		- 290,105
Current portion of long term abor (1986 6)			-		
			459,010		308,151
Deferred capital contributions (Note 7)			16,071		19,142
Long-term debt (Note 8)			-		40,000
			475,081		367,293
	NET ASSETS				
Net assets invested in tangible capital assets			32,743		40,735
Internally restricted net assets (Note 9)			716,603		688,443
Unrestricted net assets			242,094		227,938
			991,440		957,116
		\$	1,466,521	\$	1,324,409

## ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

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\_ Director Director

# SASKATOON ADULT SOCCER INC. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	tangi	vested in ble capital assets	Internally Restricted	Un	restricted	2023	2022
Net assets - beginning of year	\$	40,735	\$ 688,443	\$	227,938 \$	957,116 \$	981,348
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year		(7,992)	_		42,316	34,324	(24,232)
Transfer to internally restricted net assets		-	28,160		(28,160)	-	-
Net assets - end of year	\$	32,743	\$ 716,603	\$	242,094 \$	991,440 \$	957,116

# SASKATOON ADULT SOCCER INC. STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		2023		2022
Revenue	٩		¢	(72.570)
Affiliation	\$	752,217	\$	673,579
Referees		223,570		186,016
Registration		161,009		144,784
Hosting		54,495		16,457
Fines and penalties		11,542		5,228
On-line fees		9,696		11,283
Miscellaneous		6,416		7,709
ID cards		1,666		1,385
		1,220,611		1,046,441
Expenses				
Indoor		421,626		382,801
Referees fees		214,549		177,539
Salaries and benefits		202,524		193,653
Registration		165,158		151,662
Outdoor		98,716		97,065
Hosting		62,886		20,464
Administration (Schedule 1)		42,337		51,619
Transaction fees		27,127		18,386
Awards		9,509		34,454
Miscellaneous		2,430		953
Membership fees		2,130		75
Grants		15		2,000
Bad debts		-		2,000
		1,246,937		1,130,899
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year before capital				
and other items		(26,326)		(84,458)
Capital and other items				
Membership Assistance Program (MAP) Grants		20,312		19,995
Capital improvement levy		28,160		24,822
Investment income		16,395		1,129
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments		3,775		(10,326)
Amortization of deferred capital contributions (Note 7)		3,071		3,071
Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy				13,841
Forgivable portion of CEBA loan		_		20,000
Depreciation		(11,063)		(12,306)
Depresation		60,650		60,226
		60,650		60,226
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year	\$	34,324	\$	(24,232)
Encos (wentering) of revenue over expenses for the year	Ψ	51,524	Ψ	(27,232)

# SASKATOON ADULT SOCCER INC. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	2023	2022
Operating activities		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$ 34,324	\$ (24,232)
Items not affecting cash:		
Depreciation	11,063	12,306
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	(3,775)	10,326
Forgivable portion of CEBA loan	-	(20,000)
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	 (3,071)	(3,071)
	 38,541	(24,671)
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
Accounts receivable	(21,739)	(2,745)
Goods and services tax receivable	37	2,403
Prepaid expenses and advances to teams	7,081	(6,891)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6,389	(2,797)
Deferred income	 104,470	49,900
	 96,238	39,870
Cash flow from operating activities	 134,779	15,199
Investing activities		
Reinvestment of income on long-term investments	-	(1,129)
Investment in guaranteed investment certificate	 (16,395)	(500,000)
Cash flow used by investing activities	 (16,395)	(501,129)
Increase (decrease) in cash	118,384	(485,930)
Cash - beginning of year	 665,604	1,151,534
Cash - end of year	\$ 783,988	\$ 665,604

### 1. The Organization

Saskatoon Adult Soccer Inc. (the "Organization") is incorporated under the Non-Profit Corporations Act of Saskatchewan. Its objectives are to promote, foster, develop, and govern the game of soccer for adult players in Saskatoon. The Organization administers outdoor and indoor programming for teams registered in men's, women's, co-ed, masters, over 50, and legends leagues. As a non-profit corporation, Saskatoon Adult Soccer Inc. is not subject to income taxes.

### 2. Significant accounting policies

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-forprofit organizations (ASNFPO) and, in management's opinion, with consideration of materiality and within the framework of the following accounting policies:

#### (a) <u>Financial instruments</u>

The Organization initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument.

The Organization subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at cost or amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value of these financial instruments are recognized in excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged at arm's length between willing, unrelated parties in an open market.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, guaranteed investment certificate, accounts receivable, and goods and services tax receivable.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt.

The Organization's financial assets measured at fair value include long-term investments.

Financial assets measured at cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. The amount of any write-down is recognized in excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year. The previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement, directly or by adjusting an allowance account, provided it is no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year.

The Organization recognizes its transaction costs in excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses in the year incurred. However, financial instruments that will not be subsequently measured at fair value are adjusted by the transaction costs that are directly attributable to their origination, issuance, or assumption.

#### (b) <u>Long-term investments</u>

Long-term investments are valued at fair market value as it is considered to be the most relevant measure for financial instruments. Fair value is determined by published price quotations in an active market.

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### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

### (c) <u>Tangible capital assets and depreciation</u>

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost and amortized over their estimated useful lives. This requires estimation of the useful life of the asset and its salvage and residual value. When management considers that a tangible capital asset no longer contributes to the Organization's ability to provide services, its carrying amount is written down to its residual value. As is true of all accounting estimates, it is possible that changes in future conditions could require changes in the recognized amounts for accounting estimates. Should an adjustment become necessary, it would be reported in excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses in the year in which it became known. Depreciation of tangible capital assets is calculated using the straight-line method at the following rates:

Furniture and equipment	10%
Computer equipment	20%
Tents	20%

Depreciation on assets acquired during the year is recorded at one-half the normal annual rate. There is no depreciation recorded in the year of disposal.

#### (d) <u>Revenue recognition</u>

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Affiliation fees, registration fees, ID cards, and related revenue are recognized when the amount earned and the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

#### (e) Donated materials and services

The Organization benefits from the donation of materials and services from its members. These financial statements do not reflect the value of donations in kind received during the year since a fair market value cannot be reasonably estimated.

#### (f) Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for notfor-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the year. Significant items subject to estimate and assumption include the valuation of accounts receivable and the estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets. Actual results could differ from estimates.

#### 3. Guaranteed investment certificates

Guaranteed investment certificate held with TCU Financial Group bears interest at 4.15%. The investment matures September 20, 2024.

# SASKATOON ADULT SOCCER INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

### 4. Accounts receivable

		2023		2022
	Trade receivables Grants receivable	\$	26,203 12,288	\$ 15,527 1,225
		\$	38,491	\$ 16,752
5.	Long-term investments		2023	2022
	Signature Global Income & Growth Fund (DSC) FID Global Asset Allocation Fund (DSC) AGF World Balanced Fund (DSC)	\$	29,047 22,520 20,465	\$ 27,816 20,628 19,813
		\$	72,032	\$ 68,257

### 6. Tangible capital assets

	Cost Accumulate			2023 Net book value		2022 Net book value		
Furniture and equipment Computer equipment Tents	\$	146,658 48,098 11,954	\$	97,844 48,098 11,954	\$	48,814 - -	\$	58,683 - 1,194
	\$	206,710	\$	157,896	\$	48,814	\$	59,877

## 7. Deferred capital contributions

	2023			2022		
Balance - beginning of year Amortization of deferred capital contributions	\$	19,142 (3,071)	\$	22,213 (3,071)		
Balance - end of year	\$	16,071	\$	19,142		

### 8. Long-term debt

	 2023	2022
CEBA loan payable to TCU Financial Group. Under the terms of the CEBA program, the Organization received proceeds of \$60,000, of which \$20,000 is forgiven if the remaining \$40,000 is repaid prior to or by the due date. For this reason, \$20,000 of this loan was recognized as income in the prior year. Loan is unsecured, and due January 18, 2024. Current portion due within one year	\$ 40,000 (40,000)	\$ 40,000
	\$ -	\$ 40,000
. Internally restricted net assets		
	 2023	2022
Balance - beginning of year Capital projects player assessment	\$ 688,443 28,160	\$ 663,621 24,822
Balance - end of year	\$ 716,603	\$ 688,443

Internally restricted net assets relate to amounts that have been set aside by the Board of Directors for use in future capital projects as approved by the Board. Individual player registrations include an assessment of \$5.50 per player as a contribution to the capital projects fund.

#### 10. Financial risk

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The Organization has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage the principal risks assumed with financial instruments. The significant financial risks to which the Organization is exposed are:

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that financial instrument future cash flows will fluctuate due to changes in the financial position of entities that possess credit with the Organization. The Organization is subject to credit risk on its accounts receivable. Accounts receivable are non-interest bearing and teams can be disqualified if their fees are not paid, thus exposure to this risk is limited. There has been no change in risk exposure from the prior year.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Organization is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its receipt of funds from its customers and other related sources, long-term debt and accounts payable.

#### Market and interest rate risk

The Organization is subject to market risk and interest rate risk on its investments. Management has attempted to minimize this risk by selecting a diverse portfolio of investments and by choosing investments with a variety of rates of return and maturity dates. There has been no change in risk exposure from the prior year.

SASKATOON ADULT SOCCER INC. SCHEDULE OF ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

(Schedule 1)

	2023	2022
Professional fees	\$ 11,952	\$ 22,266
Advertising and promotion	11,307	7,803
Office rental	10,230	10,785
Telephone	2,270	2,163
Computer repair and maintenance	2,235	1,737
Insurance	1,518	1,428
Board and staff expenses	1,153	1,631
Supplies	882	995
Office supplies	790	967
Internet and software	 -	1,844
	\$ 42,337	\$ 51,619