

Player Development at the Active Start Stage (0 to 6 years old)

Active Start introduces and develops fundamental movement skills that lay the foundation for motor patterns that can then evolve into sport specific skills later in a child's development. The focus is fun activities, on learning multiple fundamental movement skills, and developing agility, balance, coordination, and movement speed. This is a time during which basic human movement patterns are developed and habits of daily physical activity are established and a positive attitude towards physical activity and vigorous play is created. Learning should occur through play rather than instruction, with unstructured play being more effective.

 General Sport Development Encourage: 75% Unstructured (child led) & 25% structured (adult led) play Children should be involved in unstructured physical activity for at least 60-minutes a day 	 Fundamental Movement Skills FMS skills are learned through the process of "play" with limited technical instruction 	 Mental and Cognitive Development Understand that events are connected, although their interpretation may not always be logical Know the difference between fantasy and reality. But they still play "pretend," which becomes increasingly inventive 	 Emotional Development Want to please & be liked by their friends, though they may sometimes be mean to others Blur fantasy and reality when they are stressed or have extreme emotions. They may develop new fears as a result of their active imaginations. 	 Ethical and Social Skills Agree to rules most of the time Understand the idea of "mine" & "yours," but may have trouble sharing toys at times Start to understand the feelings of others, But they are still most focused on themselves
Coaching Tips Desired General Outcomes				

Coaching Tips

- Provide a series of challenges with both successes & failures to develop confidence .
- Create mini-challenges to extend children's comfort range ٠
- Ensure activities are fun and allow for social connectedness .
- Use modified equipment & distances
- . Include a variety of fundamental movement skills, not just softball-specific skills
- Include lead-up games with lots of action and repetition involving all players .
- Avoid long lines Spilt the group up if need be or increase rotations in the drills to • keep players active and engaged
- Involve more than 2 teams on the field at one time
- Ensure a maximum of 6 versus 6 for games that rotate players through all positions and ensure equal playing time

Children:

- ٠ Learn to love of being physically active
- Learns to take turns during activities, and cooperates with others who are playing ٠
- Understands, remembers and can follow simple rules (particularly safety rules) for ٠ activities

Parents Understand:

- It is not the right time to start softball-specific training .
- Focus more on fundamental movement skill development with a softball's Timbits Softball Program
- Physical development is developed through active play. Unstructured play (led by ٠ the children) is most effective with adults ensuring safety